## HAND EVALUATION ( $=60 \%$ of Bridge)

- Rule of 20 - $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }} \boldsymbol{\&} \mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ Seat: Add HCP \& total cards in your 2 longest suits. If = 20, Open.
- Rule of 18 - Third Seat Opener: Add HCP \& total cards in 2 longest suits. If $=18$, Open. If plan to pass, you should have 3 cards in 1-level response suits \& 2 cards in 2-level suits.
- Rule of 15 - Fourth Seat Opener: Add HCP + \# Spades. If = 15, Open.
- Opening Bid = HCP + Length Points = 13: This comes out the Same as Rule of 20.
- Length Points: Add 1 point for every card Over 4 in your Longest suit AND 1 point for every card Over 3 in other suits. Length points are really worth more than HCP.
- Length Points: 1 point for $5^{\text {th }}$ card in a suit. 1 point for $6^{\text {th }}$ card. $1+$ point for $7^{\text {th }}$ card.
- $4-4-3-2=1$ length points $+12 \mathrm{hcp}=13$ points $=$ Opening bid. Note, $12+4+4=20$.
- 5-3-3-2 $=1$ length points $+12 \mathrm{hcp}=13$ points $=$ Opening bid. Note, $12+5+3=20$.
- $5-4-2-2=2$ length points $+11 \mathrm{hcp}=13$ points $=$ Opening bid. Note, $11+5+4=20$.
- 6-3-2-2 $=2$ length points $+11 \mathrm{hcp}=13$ points $=$ Opening bid. Note, $11+6+3=20$.
- 7-3-2-1 $=3$ length points $+10 \mathrm{hcp}=13$ points $=$ Opening bid. Note, $10+7+3=20$.
- Once Your Suit is Supported: Add More Extra Points: 1 for $6^{\text {th }}$ card \& 1 for $7^{\text {th }}$. So: 5 -card suit still $=1$ total point. 6 -card $=3$ total points. 7 -card $=5$ total points! And: Add Still another $\underline{1}$ point for a side Singleton \& another $\underline{2}$ points for a side Void. Yes!
- 3 of Top 5 Honors - Add a Point: Married 10 's in $\underline{4-c a r d+~ s u i t s: ~} \mathrm{KJ10x}=5$, AQ10xx $=8$.
- HCP: $A=41 / 3 . K=3+. \quad \mathbf{O}=2-. \quad J=1-. \quad 10 \& 9$ with a higher honor $=1$ point.
- Ten helps a higher honor too. Q10x $(\mathrm{x})=21 / 2 . \mathrm{J} 10 \mathrm{x}(\mathrm{x})=1+$.
- Two 10's = 1 point at NT. Four 10's = 1 point at Suit contracts. 9's \& 8's are important too.
- Honors in Long suits are worth more than honors in Short suits.
- Downgrade honors in short suits, especially Q's \& J's. Qx = 1 ½. $\quad \mathbf{J x}=1 / 2$.
- Honors Together are worth more than honors Scattered. QJxx, xxx vs Qxxx, Jxx.
- Honors in partner's long suits are worth more than honors in partner's short suits.
- At game \& higher levels: A's \& K's are worth more than Q's \& J's.
- Q's, J's \& 10's: pull more of their weight at lower levels \& in NT.
- For suit contracts, Q's \& J's in opponent's suits should not be counted.
- When a suit is bid by your left-hand opponent (LHO), a K should be downgraded.
- Lack of Support for Partner's Suit: If you have a Singleton -1 point or a Void -2 points.
- Trump Support:

For 3-trumps: $\quad$ Doubleton $=1 \quad$ Stiff $=2 \quad$ Void $=3$
For 4-trumps: Doubleton $=1$ Stiff $=3$ Void $=4$. If 5 dummy trumps, Void $=5$.

- For a Combined Nine (9) Trumps: add a point. Worth a lot more than eight (8).
- Points Schmoints: Length \& Distribution are much greater than Strength._
- Distribution: Players tend to Overbid Flat hands and Underbid Distributional hands. 5-5 or 6-5 Come Alive. 6-4 or 7-4 Bid Some More. Count these 4-5 Distribution points.
- Be Aggressive at Levels 1-4 (esp NT), but Moderate at Levels 5-7.
- If you are Not Technical with Fractions \& Details, Just "Understand" \& use Intuition.

